Sediment-related disasters caused by snowmelt in 2005 (quick report) (as of May 13, 2005)

Land Conservation Division, Sabo Department, River Bureau

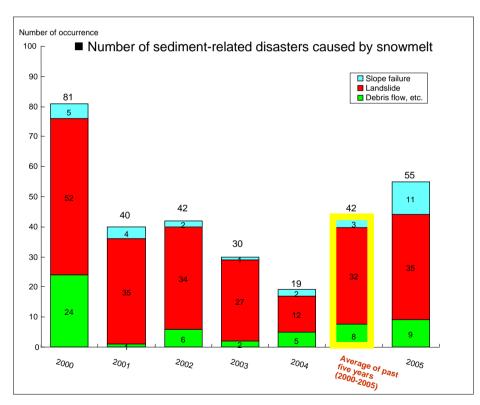
Sediment-related disasters:

Sediment-related disasters:

10 or more

less than 10

- O Outline of sediment-related disasters caused by snowmelt
- The number of sediment-related disasters caused by snowmelt in 2005 is 55 in 8 prefectures.
- The number of occurrence by prefecture: Niigata 33; Nagano 7: Aomori 5; Yamagata 3; Toyama 3; Hyogo 2; Akita 1; and Ishikawa 1. Niigata Prefecture accounts for 60%. This prefecture accounted for about 50% on average in the past five years.
- Human casualties: one killed and one injured in Aomori Prefecture.



*The number of occurrence in 2005 is the figure from Jan.1 to May 13. Source:SABO Dept. MLIT, JAPAN

0	Occurrence of sediment-related disasters by
	snowmelt in Japan in 2005

			کستوکمه ده					
	Debris flow, etc.	Landslide	Slope failure	Total	Major damage			
All over Japan	9	35	11	55				
Niigata Prefecture ¹⁾	<0> (2) 2	<1> (18) 28	<1> (3) 3	<2> (23) 33	Locations at which damage due to the Chuetsu Earthquake was expanded [April 8, 2005; landslide] Nigorizawa-machi, Nagaoka City Sediment flowed out to the prefectural road. [April 8, 2005; slope failure] Muramatsu, Nagaoka City Sediment reached up to 5 m from houses.			
Nagano Prefecture	2	4	1	7				
Aomori Prefecture	0	0	5	5	 [April 6, 2005; slope failure] Hirofune, Hiraka Town; killed: 1 person [April 7, 2005; slope failure] Injured: 1 person; half collapse: 1 house 			
Yamagata Prefecture	1	2	0	3				
Toyama Prefecture	3	0	0	3				
Hyogo Prefecture	0	0	2	2				
Akita Prefecture	1	0	0	1				
Ishikawa Prefecture	0	1	0	1				

) Bottom row: number of sediment-related disasters caused by snowmelt Middle row (): number of sediment-related disasters occurred in municipalities that sustained sediment-related disasters in the Chuetsu Earthquake, out of the number in the bottom row. Top row <>: number of locations at which sediment-related disaster damage due to the Chuetsu Earthquake was expanded, out of the number in the middle row ().

O Ratio of sediment-related disasters caused by snowmelt in Niigata Prefecture to the total number in Japan (by year)

		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Average of past five years (2000 – 2004)	2005
5	No. of occurrence in Niigata	13	1	0	0	0	3	2
Debris flow, etc.	No. of occurrence in Japan	24	1	6	2	5	8	9
Landslide	No. of occurrence in Niigata	30	14	13	18	7	16	28
Landslide	No. of occurrence in Japan	52	35	34	27	12	32	35
Clana failura	No. of occurrence in Niigata	3	0	0	0	0	1	3
Slope failure	No. of occurrence in Japan	5	4	2	1	2	3	11
	No. of occurrence in Niigata	46	15	13	18	7	20	33
	No. of occurrence in Japan	81	40	42	30	19	42	55
Total	Ratio of Niigata to the entire Japan	57%	38%	31%	60%	37%	47%	60%

Sediment-related disasters caused by snowmelt at the damage sites of the Chuetsu Earthquake



[April 23, 2005: hillside collapse]

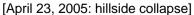
Place: Nigorizawa area, Nagaoka City, Niigata Prefecture

Damage: A hillside collapse occurred in the area of 100 m wide and 300 m long.

Sediment flowed out to the Kashiwazaki-Takahama-Horinouchi line of the

prefectural road, closing to traffic temporarily.





Place: Kizawa area, Kawaguchi Town, Niigata Prefecture

Damage: A hillside collapse occurred in the area of 250 m wide and 70 m long.

The channel of the Class A Matsuzawa River was clogged.





[May 10, 2005: landslide]

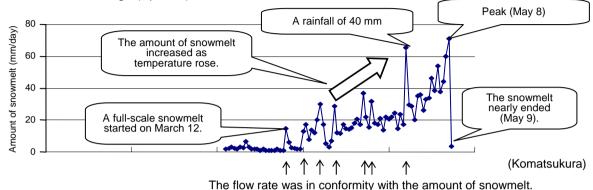
Place: Urada area, Tokamachi City, Niigata Prefecture

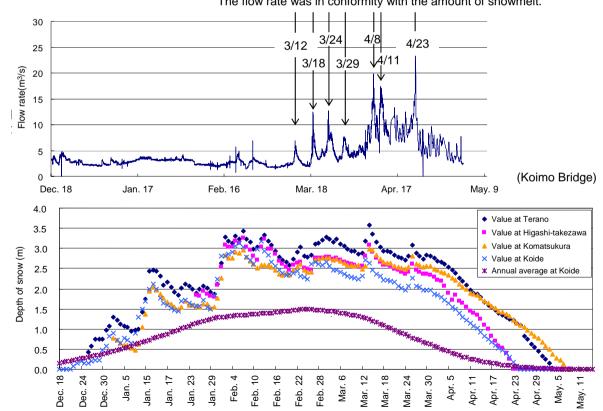
Damage: A landslide occurred in the area of 70 m wide and 300 m long.

The Toyoda River (sabo river) was clogged with sediment.

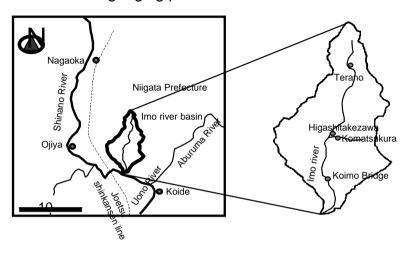
Snowmelt in the Imo river basin (analytical results by the Erosion and Sediment Control Research Group of the Public Works Research Institute)

- The snowmelt in the Imo river basin nearly ended by early May.
- The maximum flow rate in the Imo River was approximately 24 m³/s at the Koimo Bridge (April 23).





O Snowmelt gauging point in the Imo river basin





Nagaoka City, Niigata Prefecture (Higashi-takezawa area of the former Yamakoshi Village) (Photographed on May 12, 2005)